

Maine State Housing Authority

Basic Financial Statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2019

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Maine State Housing Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maine State Housing Authority (MaineHousing), a component unit of the State of Maine, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MaineHousing's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Commissioners Maine State Housing Authority

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of MaineHousing as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter - Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of MaineHousing's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of MaineHousing's Pension Contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2020 on our consideration of MaineHousing's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of MaineHousing's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MaineHousing's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Portland, Maine March 25, 2020

Baker Newman : Nayer LLC

Management's discussion and analysis provides an overview of the Maine State Housing Authority's (MaineHousing) financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- MaineHousing's net position increased by \$26.1 million to \$369.1 million as a result of program operations and financing activities. The net position of the proprietary funds, which present MaineHousing's business-type activities, increased \$15.3 million while the net position of governmental activities increased \$10.8 million.
- Net operating income of \$26.1 million for 2019 is a \$13.2 million increase over net operating income of \$12.9 million in 2018. Total revenues increased \$22 million or 9.1%, while total expenses increased \$8.8 million or 3.9%. The increase in net operating income is primarily due to a \$7.3 million change in the market value of investments. An unrealized gain of \$4.6 million was recognized in 2019 compared with an unrealized loss of \$2.7 million in 2018.
- Mortgage receivables increased by \$53.8 million to \$1.44 billion at December 31, 2019. The single-family loan portfolio, which included new loan purchases of \$152.8 million, increased by \$50.8 million and totaled \$971 million. The multi-family loan portfolio totaled \$480 million and increased by \$3 million. New multi-family loan originations amounted to \$41.1 million in 2019.
- Total governmental revenues increased by \$10.7 million or 6.1% to \$186.3 million due mainly to higher income from the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development for Section 8 rental assistance programs, which increased \$2.9 million or 3%, and program income from the State of Maine. Total program revenues from the State of Maine increased by \$9.5 million or 48.1% to \$29.1 million.

OVERVIEW OF MAINEHOUSING

MaineHousing was created in 1969 by an Act of the Maine State Legislature and is a public corporation and government instrumentality of the State of Maine. MaineHousing was established to assist in the financing, development, and rehabilitation of housing in Maine for persons and families of low and moderate income. In this capacity, MaineHousing is authorized to issue bonds for the purchase or origination of notes and mortgages on single-family and multi-family residential properties.

MaineHousing also acts as an agent for the State of Maine in administering various federal housing and energy related programs. These programs are funded through grants and program agreements with the federal government's departments of Housing and Urban Development, Energy, and Health and Human Services, as well as capital and operating subsidies from MaineHousing's own funds.

MaineHousing is a component unit of the State of Maine and receives certain appropriations from the Maine State Legislature, all of which are used in connection with specified housing related programs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MaineHousing's financial statements consist of three parts – this management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include agency-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

 Agency-wide financial statements provide information about MaineHousing's overall financial position and operations. These statements, which are presented using the accrual basis of accounting, consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

- Fund financial statements of MaineHousing include its major proprietary funds, which operate similarly to private-sector businesses, and governmental funds, which consist of activities that are funded from federal grants and state appropriations.
- The basic financial statements include notes to financial statements that provide additional information and explain some of the information in the agency-wide and fund financial statements.
- The required supplementary information presents historical pension information.

The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of these statements.

Agency-wide Statements

Agency-wide statements report information about MaineHousing as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position presents MaineHousing's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The Statement of Activities presents current year revenues and expenses.

The two agency-wide statements report MaineHousing's net position and results of operations. Net position is one measure of MaineHousing's financial health and position. Agency-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

- Business-type activities MaineHousing's business-type activities consist of providing mortgage financing
 on single-family and multi-family residential properties. These activities are funded primarily through the
 issuance of bonds.
- Governmental activities MaineHousing administers various state and federal housing and energy related programs. These activities are financed by grant and program agreements with the federal government and appropriations from the Maine State Legislature.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about MaineHousing's most significant funds and not MaineHousing as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. MaineHousing has two kinds of funds:

- Proprietary funds MaineHousing's business-type activities are in its proprietary funds and they are accounted for in a manner similar to businesses operating in the private sector. Funding is primarily through the issuance of bonds, the proceeds of which are mainly used to make various types of loans to finance low and moderate-income housing. The net positions of these funds represent accumulated earnings since their inception and interest rate subsidy amounts contributed from governmental funds. Amounts in the funds are generally restricted for program purposes.
- Governmental funds MaineHousing has four major and several other governmental funds.
 MaineHousing is the administrator of these funds, the revenues of which are appropriated to
 MaineHousing for making housing and energy related grants and loans. These fund statements focus on
 how cash and other financial assets flowing into the funds have been used. A substantial portion of the
 fund balances for these funds consist of investments reserved for grants or making mortgage loans.

AN OVERVIEW OF MAINEHOUSING'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND OPERATIONS

MaineHousing's financial position and operations are summarized on the following pages for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 based on the information included in the financial statements.

Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

							Total
		ss-type	Govern		.	4-1	Percentage
	Acti	vities	Activ	ities		otal	Change
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	_
Cash and investments	\$344.7	\$367.6	\$37.5	\$33.1	\$382.2	\$400.7	(4.6%)
Mortgage and other							
notes receivable	1,409.5	1,358.2	32.7	30.2	1,442.2	1,388.4	3.9%
Other assets	20.6	13.7_	15.4	9.9	36.0	23.6	52.5%
Total Assets	1,774.8	1,739.5	85.6	73.2	1,860.4	1,812.7	2.6%
Total Deferred Outflows							
of Resources	14.9	9.4	0.2	0.2	15.1	9.6	57.3%
Bonds and notes payable	1,443.9	1,425.5	26.1	29.4	1,470.0	1,454.9	1.0%
Other Liabilities	22.5	15.2	13.0	8.1	35.5	23.3	52.4%
Total Liabilities	1,466.4	1,440.7	39.1	37.5	1,505.5	1,478.2	1.8%
Total Deferred Inflows							
of Resources	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.9	1.1	(18.2%)
Net investment in capital assets	2.2	3.2	0.0	0.0	2.2	3.2	(31.3%)
Restricted	286.4	272.5	46.4	35.6	332.8	308.1	8.0%
Unrestricted	34.1	31.7	0.0	0.0	34.1	31.7	7.6%
Total Net Position	\$322.7	\$307.4	\$46.4	\$35.6	\$369.1	\$343.0	7.6%

Total assets at December 31, 2019 were \$1.86 billion, an increase of \$47.7 million or 2.6% from December 31, 2018. The change in assets consisted primarily of a \$53.8 million net increase to mortgage notes receivables. Other assets increased by \$12.4 million or 52.5% mainly due to an increase in capital assets associated with the acquisition, development and furnishing of property for a new office building.

Total deferred outflows of resources, which consist of the accumulated decrease in the fair value of interest rate swaps and deferred amounts associated with debt refundings and pension expenses, increased \$5.5 million primarily as a result of changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps.

Total liabilities at December 31, 2019 were \$1.5 billion, an increase of \$27.3 million or 1.8% from December 31, 2018. The increase in liabilities is due to higher outstanding bonds and notes payable, which increased by \$15.1 million to \$1.47 billion at December 31, 2019. Other liabilities increased \$12.2 million due to the decreases in the fair value of interest rate swap instruments, which increased the related liability by \$6.2 million, and higher unearned grant income and program expenditure accruals at December 31, 2019.

Total deferred inflows of resources, which represent deferred amounts associated with grant income and pension credits decreased \$0.2 million or 18.2% due to a reduction in outstanding pension credits.

Cash and Investments

Total cash and investments decreased by \$18.5 million or 4.6%. Certain investments were used to retire outstanding debt during the year and there was also a reduction in the amount of undisbursed bonds proceeds that were invested at December 31, 2019. MaineHousing's investment portfolio is comprised of securities of the U.S. Government, certain Federal agencies or repurchase agreements and money market funds that are secured by such securities. Investments are carried at fair value and unrealized gains and losses due to fluctuations in market values are recognized in revenues. In 2019, the fair value of investments increased and MaineHousing recognized \$4.6 million of unrealized gains compared with \$2.7 million of unrealized losses in 2018.

Mortgage and Other Notes Receivable

Total net mortgages and other notes receivable increased \$53.8 million or 3.9% in 2019. Total mortgage purchases and originations amounted to \$193.9 million compared to \$197.1 million in 2018.

The receipt of \$53.7 million in scheduled mortgage loan repayments increased from the previous year's level of \$34.1 million. The increase in scheduled payments is due to more receipts from multifamily loans with short terms. Mortgage loan prepayments increased in 2019 by \$16.7 million or 25.3% to a total of \$82.8 million. The increase is due in part to declining interest rates during the year, which increased the volume of single-family loans refinanced outside MaineHousing.

Loan foreclosures totaled \$6.2 million in 2019 and \$4.8 million in 2018. The allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2019 amounted to \$8.6 million, which is a decrease of \$0.4 million compared with 2018.

Bonds and Notes Payable

Bonds and notes payable increased \$15.1 million or 1% to \$1.47 billion at December 31, 2019. MaineHousing issues bonds or notes as capital is needed for program purposes and as opportunities for economic refunding occur. For additional details, see the Debt Activity section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Net Position

MaineHousing's net position increased by \$26.1 million or 7.6% to \$369.1 million at December 31, 2019. The net position of the proprietary funds increased \$15.3 million to \$322.7 million, while the net position for governmental funds increased by \$10.8 million to \$46.4 million.

MaineHousing's business activities are in the proprietary funds and are dissimilar to the activities in the governmental funds. The combined results of operations for both MaineHousing's proprietary and governmental funds are presented on the following table for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Agency-wide Changes in Net Position (in millions of dollars)

		_	Increase/(Decrease)			
	2019	2018	Amount	Percentage		
Revenues:						
Interest from mortgages and notes	\$62.0	\$59.8	\$2.2	3.7%		
Income from investments	9.0	7.8	1.2	15.4%		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value						
of investments	4.6	(2.7)	7.3	270.4%		
Grants and subsidies	177.7	167.2	10.5	6.3%		
Other	10.1	9.3	0.8	8.6%		
Total revenues	263.4	241.4	22.0	9.1%		
Expenses:						
Operating and other program expenses	26.1	24.3	1.8	7.4%		
Provision for losses on loans and						
foreclosed real estate	0.1	0.3	(0.2)	(66.7%)		
Interest expense	46.0	42.7	3.3	7.7%		
Grants and subsidies	165.1	161.2	3.9	2.4%		
Total expenses	237.3	228.5	8.8	3.9%		
Increase in net position	26.1	12.9	13.2	102.3%		
Net position at beginning of year	343.0	330.1	12.9	3.9%		
Net position at end of year	\$369.1	\$343.0	\$26.1	7.6%		

Changes in business-type and governmental activities are explained in the following Results of Operations sections.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Proprietary Funds Results

The net position of MaineHousing's proprietary funds increased by \$15.3 million to \$322.7 million at December 31, 2019. The following table summarizes the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position of MaineHousing's proprietary funds for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
(in millions of dollars)

			Increase/(Decrease)		
	2019	2018	Amount	Percentage	
Operating revenues:					
Interest from mortgages and notes	\$61.9	\$59.7	\$2.2	3.7%	
Income from investments	8.4	7.3	1.1	15.1%	
Net increase (decrease) in fair value					
of investments	4.6	(2.7)	7.3	270.4%	
Fee income	1.7	1.2	0.5	41.7%	
Other revenue	0.5	0.3	0.2	66.7%	
Total revenues	77.1	65.8	11.3	17.2%	
Operating expenses:					
Operating expenses	11.1	9.6	1.5	15.6%	
Other program administrative expenses	6.1	6.2	(0.1)	(1.6%)	
Mortgage servicing fees	1.7	1.6	0.1	6.2%	
Provision for losses on loans	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0%	
Losses on foreclosed real estate	0.0	0.2	(0.2)	(100.0%)	
Interest expense	45.0	41.6	3.4	8.2%	
Total expenses	64.0	59.3	4.7	7.9%	
Net Operating income	13.1	6.5	6.6	101.5%	
Transfers in	2.2	0.9	1.3	144.4%	
Change in net position	15.3	7.4	7.9	106.8%	
Net position at beginning of year	307.4	300.0	7.4	2.5%	
Net position at end of year	\$322.7	\$307.4	\$15.3	5.0%	

Operating revenues of MaineHousing's business-type activities are generated principally from earnings on mortgages and investments. Total revenues from business-type activities increased \$11.3 million in 2019 and amounted to \$77.1 million. Of this total, \$70.3 million or 91.2% was from interest earned on mortgages, notes, and non-mortgage investments. Operating expenses of MaineHousing's business-type activities consist primarily of interest expense on debt incurred to fund its various lending programs. The expenses for business-type activities totaled \$64 million, of which \$45 million or 70.3% was interest expense.

The 2019 operating results and net position of MaineHousing's proprietary funds were significantly affected by the following:

- Interest earned on mortgages and notes increased by \$2.2 million or 3.7% due to higher average outstanding mortgage receivable balances.
- Income from investments increased \$1.1 million or 15.1% due primarily to higher average investment balances and yields in 2019.

- Interest rate changes during the year generated an unrealized gain of \$4.6 million. This represents an increase of \$7.3 million compared with the unrealized loss of \$2.7 million that was recognized in 2018.
- Operating expenses increased by \$1.5 million or 15.6% due largely to a pension liability adjustment and recognition of a \$0.2 million pension expense in 2019. In 2018, the adjustment of the pension liability resulted in the recognition of \$0.6 million pension credit.
- Interest expense increased by \$3.4 million or 8.2% as a result of higher average outstanding debt balances and interest rates during the year.

Governmental Fund Results

The net position of MaineHousing's governmental funds increased \$10.8 million or 30.3% to \$46.4 million at December 31, 2019. The following table summarizes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of MaineHousing's governmental funds for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (in millions of dollars)

			Increase/(Decrease)		
	2019	2018	Amount	Percentage	
Revenues:					
Income from mortgages and notes	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.0	0.0%	
Income from investments	0.6	0.5	0.1	20.0%	
Fee income	7.9	7.5	0.4	5.3%	
Grant income	51.8	52.1	(0.3)	(0.6%)	
Income from the State	24.9	17.0	7.9	46.5%	
Federal rent subsidy income	101.0	98.1	2.9	3.0%	
Other revenue	0.0	0.3	(0.3)	(100.0%)	
Total revenues	186.3	175.6	10.7	6.1%	
Expenditures:					
Program administrative expenditures	7.2	6.9	0.3	4.3%	
Interest expenditures	1.0	1.1	(0.1)	(9.1%)	
Grant expenditures	63.6	63.3	0.3	0.5%	
Federal rent subsidy expenditures	101.5	97.9	3.6	3.7%	
Total expenditures	173.3	169.2	4.1	2.4%	
Revenues in excess of expenditures	13.0	6.4	6.6	103.1%	
Transfers out	(2.2)	(0.9)	(1.3)	(144.4%)	
Change in fund balances	10.8	5.5	5.3	96.4%	
Fund balances at beginning of year	35.6	30.1	5.5	18.3%	
Fund balances at end of year	\$46.4	\$35.6	\$10.8	30.3%	

MaineHousing's total revenues from governmental activities are generated primarily from federal grants and rent subsidy income. MaineHousing also receives program revenues from the State of Maine. Revenues from governmental activities total \$186.3 million in 2019, which is an increase of \$10.7 million or 6.1%.

MaineHousing's governmental activities expenditures consist primarily of federal grants and rent subsidies payments. Total expenditures increased \$4.1 million or 2.4% to \$173.3 million for 2019.

MaineHousing earns fees for administering federal programs, which amounted to \$7.9 million in 2019. Typically fees earned provide MaineHousing with a revenue source adequate to recover direct and indirect costs of delivering related services.

The 2019 financial results and net position of MaineHousing's governmental funds were significantly affected by the following:

- Federal rent subsidy income, which consists of funding from four U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development Section 8 programs, increased by \$2.9 million or 3%. The increase is attributed primarily to higher revenues for the Section 8 Performance Based Contract Administration program.
- Income from the State, which consists of real estate transfer tax deposits to the HOME Fund, increased \$7.9 million or 46.5% as a result of higher real estate sales and deposits from the State.
- Federal rent subsidy expenditures increased \$3.6 million or 3.7% due primarily to higher available income for the Section 8 Performance Based Contract Administration program.

DEBT ACTIVITY

MaineHousing had \$1.47 billion in bonds and notes outstanding at December 31, 2019, which is an increase of \$15.1 million or 1% from 2018.

MaineHousing is authorized to issue housing revenue bonds to purchase or originate mortgages or notes on single-family and multi-family residential properties. Total bonds outstanding at December 31, 2019 amounted to \$1.45 billion. Bond issuances in 2019 totaled \$157.2 million, while principal payments on bonds totaled \$142.6 million. MaineHousing redeemed prior to maturity \$107.2 million of its outstanding bonds in 2019 from reserve funds, mortgage prepayments, surplus revenues, and the proceeds from refunding bonds. Scheduled principal payments on bonds totaled \$35.4 million in 2019.

MaineHousing issues some variable rate demand obligations and enters into interest rate swaps agreements to provide synthetically fixed interest rates on a portion of the variable rate bonds. At December 31, 2019, the total amount of variable rate debt outstanding was \$286.4 million and represented 19.8% of the \$1.45 billion total bond portfolio. Thirteen interest rate swap agreements have been executed with four counterparties in connection with \$186.4 million of the variable rate bonds to effectively convert them to synthetic fixed rate bonds.

Bonds in MaineHousing's General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution were rated Aa1 and AA+ by Moody's Investor Service and Standard & Poor's, respectively, in 2019.

MaineHousing may enter into loan agreements for program and capital funding purposes. At December 31, 2019, MaineHousing had \$20.2 million of outstanding notes payable in its General Administrative Fund. Of this total, \$4.2 million provided funding for affordable housing initiatives through a Federal Home Loan Bank program and \$16 million provided capital funding for the development of an office facility for MaineHousing.

For additional information about MaineHousing's mortgage bonds and notes payables, see Notes 5, 6, 8, 13, and 15 to the financial statements.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The purpose of this financial report is to provide information needed to understand MaineHousing's financial position and results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019. Inquiries for additional information may be directed to the Director of Finance at Maine State Housing Authority, 353 Water Street, Augusta, Maine 04330, at (207) 626-4600 or at www.mainehousing.org.

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	Total
ASSETS:			_
Current Assets:			
Cash, principally time deposits (note 3)	\$32,019	\$5,394	\$37,413
Investments (notes 3, 8, and 10)	251,754	32,131	283,885
Accounts receivable - federal government	0	5,691	5,691
Mortgage notes receivable, net (note 4)	34,747	6	34,753
Other notes receivable, net (note 4)	40	0	40
Assets held for sale	0	3,234	3,234
Other assets (note 11)	8,085	4,291	12,376
Internal balances	(2,121)	2,121	0
Total Current Assets	324,524	52,868	377,392
Noncurrent Assets:	(0.005		(0.005
Investments (notes 3, 8, and 10)	60,905	0	60,905
Mortgage notes receivable, net (note 4)	1,374,507	32,661	1,407,168
Other notes receivable, net (note 4)	199	10	209
Capital assets	13,408	0	13,408
Other real estate owned	1,192	0	1,192
Total Assets	1,450,211	32,671	1,482,882
Total Assets	1,774,735	85,539	1,860,274
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Accumulated decrease in fair value	40.040		10.010
of hedging derivatives (note 6)	10,860	0	10,860
Deferred pension expense (note 7)	384	226	610
Deferred amount on debt refundings Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,728	0	3,728
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	14,972	226	15,198
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:	F F00	4.4	F / 2 /
Accrued interest payable	5,580	44	5,624
Accounts payable - federal government	0	473	473
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned income	4,692 0	4,453	9,145 7,122
Bonds and notes payable (notes 5, 8, 13, and 15)	•	7,133 3,340	7,133
Total Current Liabilities	21,124 31,396	15,443	24,464 46,839
Total Current Liabilities	31,390	15,445	40,639
Noncurrent Liabilities:	1 420	0.4.4	2 202
Pension liability (note 7)	1,438	844	2,282
Derivative instrument - interest rate swaps (note 6) Bonds and notes payable (notes 5, 8, 13, and 15)	10,860 1,422,770	0 22,766	10,860 1,445,536
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,435,068	23,610	1,458,678
Total Liabilities	1,466,464	39,053	1,505,517
Total Elabilities	1,400,404	37,033	1,303,317
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	2/	0	2/
Deferred loan origination points	26	0	26
Deferred pension credit (note 7)	546	321	867
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	572	321	893
NET POSITION:		-	
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	2,208	0	2,208
Restricted for bond resolutions	286,330	0	286,330
Restricted for grants and programs	0	46,391	46,391
Unrestricted	34,133	0	34,133
Total Net Position	\$322,671	\$46,391	\$369,062

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

				Program Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Investment Income	Grants and Contributions	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	Total		
Business-type activities:									
Mortgage Purchase Fund	\$62,256	\$62,561	\$12,419	\$0	\$12,724	\$0	\$12,724		
Bondholder Reserve Fund	55	0	172	0	117	0	117		
General Administrative Fund	1,633	1,502	0	0	(131)	0	(131)		
Total business-type activities	63,944	64,063	12,591	0	12,710	0	12,710		
Governmental activities:									
HOME Fund	14,508	60	447	23,115	0	9,114	9,114		
Section 8 Housing Programs	105,433	4,583	8	100,983	0	141	141		
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program	27,649	1,019	3	26,708	0	81	81		
Maine Energy, Housing and Economic Recovery Program	1,090	39	96	4,316	0	3,361	3,361		
Other Federal and State Programs	24,671	2,353	52	22,537	0	271	271		
Total governmental activities	173,351	8,054	606	177,659	0	12,968	12,968		
Total Agency-wide	\$237,295	\$72,117	\$13,197	\$177,659	12,710	12,968	25,678		
	(General Revenues:							
		Unrestricted invest	ment income		401	0	401		
		Transfers			2,174	(2,174)	0		
		Total general re	venues and transfe	rs	2,575	(2,174)	401		
		Change in Ne	t Position		15,285	10,794	26,079		
	1	Net Position at begi	nning of year		307,386	35,597	342,983		
	ľ	Net Position at end	of year		\$322,671	\$46,391	\$369,062		

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	Mortgage Purchase Fund	Bondholder Reserve Fund	General Administrative Fund	Total
ASSETS:				
Current Assets:				
Cash, principally time deposits (note 3)	\$ 19,229	\$ 1	\$ 12,789	\$ 32,019
Investments (notes 3, 8, and 10)	221,113	8,080	22,561	251,754
Mortgage notes receivable, net (note 4)	34,523	0	224	34,747
Other notes receivable, net (note 4)	0	0	40	40
Other assets (note 11)	8,013	6	66	8,085
Interfund (note 12)	198	0	3,782	3,980
Total Current Assets	283,076	8,087	39,462	330,625
Noncurrent Assets:				
Investments (notes 3, 8, and 10)	55,890	0	5,015	60,905
Mortgage notes receivable, net (note 4)	1,368,280	0	6,227	1,374,507
Other notes receivable, net (note 4)	0	0	199	199
Capital assets	22	0	13,386	13,408
Other real estate owned	1,169	0	23	1,192
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,425,361	0	24,850	1,450,211
Total Assets	1,708,437	8,087	64,312	1,780,836
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Accumulated decrease in fair value				
of hedging derivatives (note 6)	10,860	0	0	10,860
Deferred pension expense (note 7)	326	2	56	384
Deferred amount on debt refundings	3,728	0	0	3,728
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	14,914	2	56	14,972
LIABILITIES:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accrued interest payable	5,580	0	0	5,580
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	484	3	4,205	4,692
Interfund (note 12)	2,732	13	3,356	6,101
Bonds and notes payable (notes 5, 8, 13, and 15)	20,595	0	529	21,124
Total Current Liabilities	29,391	16	8,090	37,497
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Pension liability (note 7)	1,222	7	209	1,438
Derivative instrument - interest rate swaps (note 6)	10,860	0	0	10,860
Bonds and notes payable (notes 5, 8, 13, and 15)	1,403,099	0	19,671	1,422,770
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,415,181	7	19,880	1,435,068
Total Liabilities	1,444,572	23	27,970	1,472,565
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred loan origination points	26	0	0	26
Deferred pension credit (note 7)	464	3	79	546
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	490	3	79	572
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt	22	0	2,186	2,208
Restricted for bond resolutions	278,267	8,063	0	286,330
Unrestricted	0	0	34,133	34,133
Total Net Position	\$278,289	\$8,063	\$36,319	\$322,671

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	Mortgage Purchase Fund	Bondholder Reserve Fund	General Administrative Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				_
Interest from mortgages and notes	\$61,366	\$0	\$486	\$61,852
Income from investments	7,929	172	333	8,434
Net increase in the fair value of investments	4,490	0	68	4,558
Fee income	774	0	908	1,682
Other revenue	193	0	108	301
Gain on bond redemption (note 13)	228	0	0	228
Total Revenues	74,980	172	1,903	77,055
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Operating expenses	9,452	55	1,577	11,084
Other program administrative expenses	6,089	0	22	6,111
Mortgage servicing fees	1,649	0	23	1,672
Provision for losses on loans (note 4)	50	0	11	61
Interest expense	45,016	0	0	45,016
Total Expenses	62,256	55	1,633	63,944
Operating Income	12,724	117	270	13,111
Transfers between funds, net (note 12)	1,000	0	1,174	2,174
Change in Net Position	13,724	117	1,444	15,285
Net Position at beginning of year	264,565	7,946	34,875	307,386
Net Position at end of year	\$278,289	\$8,063	\$36,319	\$322,671

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	Mortgage Purchase Fund	Bondholder Reserve Fund	General Administrative Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest receipts from borrowers	\$61,148	\$0	\$509	\$61,657
Principal receipts on mortgages and notes - scheduled	42,132	0	11,562	53,694
Principal receipts on mortgages and notes - prepayments	82,619	0	211	82,830
Payments for operating expenses	(9,525)	(10)	(440)	(9,975)
Payments for personnel expenses	(7,665)	(45)	(1,137)	(8,847)
Investment in mortgages and other notes	(193,092)	0	(825)	(193,917)
Other	763	(1)	1,275	2,037
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(23,620)	(56)	11,155	(12,521)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVIT	ΓIES:			
Acquisition and development of capital assets	0	0	(9,270)	(9,270)
Net interest paid on capital debt	0	0	(198)	(198)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	0	0	(9,468)	(9,468)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from sale of bonds and notes	158,106	0	0	158,106
Principal payments on bonds	(139,310)	0	0	(139,310)
Interest payments on bonds	(44,442)	0	0	(44,442)
Payments from other funds	765	1_	5,695	6,461
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities	(24,881)	1	5,695	(19,185)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from disposition of foreclosed real estate	4,974	0	22	4,996
Purchase of investments	(886,065)	(118)	(15)	(886,198)
Sales and maturity of investments	942,921	0	4,888	947,809
Interest received on investments	5,900	173	353	6,426
Net cash provided by investing activities	67,730	55	5,248	73,033
Net increase in cash	19,229	0	12,630	31,859
Cash at beginning of year	0	1_	159	160
Cash at end of year	\$19,229	\$1	\$12,789	\$32,019
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVI	DED BY (USED FO	R) OPERATING	ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income	\$12,724	\$117	\$270	\$13,111
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by				
(used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	473	0	234	707
Interest on bonds	44,543	0	0	44,543
Provision for losses on loans	50	0	11	61
Gain on bond redemption	(228)	0	0	(228)
Pension expense	166	. 1	28	195
Interest income on investments	(7,929)	(172)	(333)	(8,434)
Net increase in fair value of investments	(4,490)	0	(68)	(4,558)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Other assets	19	0	2	21
Pension contributions	(388)	0	(69)	(457)
Mortgage note interest receivable	(218)	0	23	(195)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1)	(2)	109	106
Investment in mortgage and other notes	(193,092)	0	(825)	(193,917)
Mortgage & other note principal repayments	124,751	0	11,773	136,524
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(\$23,620)	(\$56)	\$11,155	(\$12,521)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INFORMATION:				
Transfer from mortgage notes receivable to other assets				
and other real estate owned	\$6,125	\$0	\$23	\$6,148
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$952	\$952
Con accompanying notes to the financial statements	Ψ0	ΨΟ	¥,02	4,02

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Low Income Maine Energy,

Other

	HOME Fund	Section 8 Housing Programs	Home Energy Assistance Program	Housing & Economic Recovery Fund	Federal and State Programs	Total
ASSETS:						
Current Assets: Cash, principally time deposits (note 3)	\$13	\$3,586	\$502	\$0	\$1,293	\$5,394
Investments (notes 3, 8, and 10)	24,784	0	0	5,269	2,078	32,131
Accounts receivable - federal government	0	231	1,310	0	4,150	5,691
Mortgage notes receivable, net (note 4) Assets held for sale	6 3,234	0	0	0	0 0	6 3,234
Other assets	3,234 3,464	139	0	38	650	3,234 4,291
Interfund (note 12)	1,463	27	0	0	2,480	3,970
Total Current Assets	32,964	3,983	1,812	5,307	10,651	54,717
Noncurrent Assets:						
Mortgage notes receivable, net (note 4)	23,728	0	0	8,933	0	32,661
Other notes receivable, net (note 4) Total Noncurrent Assets	23,728	0	0	8,933	10	<u>10</u> 32,671
Total Assets	\$56,692	\$3,983	\$1,812	\$14,240	\$10,661	\$87,388
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:						
Accrued interest payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$44	\$0	\$44
Accounts payable - federal government	0	473	0	0	0	473
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned income	1,935	73	492 485	0	1,953	4,453
Interfund (note 12)	0 27	0 505	728	0	6,648 0	7,133 1,262
Bonds payable (notes 5 and 8)	0	0	0	3,340	0	3,340
Total Current Liabilities	1,962	1,051	1,705	3,386	8,601	16,705
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds payable (notes 5 and 8)	0	0	0	22,766	0	22,766
Total Non Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,962	1,051	1,705	22,766 26,152	8,601	22,766 39,471
FUND BALANCES: Restricted by program requirements	54,730	2,932	107	0	2,060	59,829
Nonspendable	0	0	0	8,933	2,000	8,933
Unassigned	0	0	0	(20,845)	0	(20,845)
Total Fund Balances	54,730	2,932	107	(11,912)	2,060	47,917
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$56,692	\$3,983	\$1,812	\$14,240	\$10,661	\$87,388
RECONCILIATION OF THE GO	VERNMENT	AL FUNDS B	ALANCE SHEET	TO THE STATEME	ENT OF NET P	OSITION
Total fund balances in governmental funds						\$47,917
Amounts reported for governmental activities	in the Staten	nent of Net Po	sition are differer	nt because:		
Pension expense deferrals reported as deferred not financial resources and therefore are not			•	tivities are		226
Pension liabiltiies reported in governmental ac period and therefore not reported in the governmental		•	yable in the curre	ent		(844)
Pension credit deferrals reported as deferred not available to pay for current period expension.		•			ds.	(321)
Interfund balances related to the allocation of governmental activities are not due and paya governmental funds.	•			•	<u>-</u>	(587)
Net Position of governmental activities					=	\$46,391

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	HOME Fund	Section 8 Housing Programs	Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program	Maine Energy, Housing & Economic Recovery Fund	Other Federal and State Programs	Total
REVENUES:						
Interest from mortgages and notes	\$60	\$0	\$0	\$39	\$0	\$99
Income from investments	447	8	3	96	52	606
Fee income	0	4,583	1,019	0	2,324	7,926
Other revenue	0	0	0	0	29	29
Grant income	2,512	0	26,708	0	22,537	51,757
Income from State	20,603	0	0	4,316	0	24,919
Federal rent subsidy income	0	100,983	0	0	0	100,983
Total Revenues	23,622	105,574	27,730	4,451	24,942	186,319
EXPENDITURES:						
Operating expenditures	0	3,616	922	0	2,072	6,610
Other program administrative expenditures	0	225	3	2	262	492
Provision for losses on loans (note 4)	8	0	0	0	0	8
Grant expenditures	14,500	0	26,708	109	22,300	63,617
Federal rent subsidy	0	101,530	0	0	0	101,530
Interest	0	0	0	979	0	979
Total Expenditures	14,508	105,371	27,633	1,090	24,634	173,236
Revenues in Excess of Expenditures	9,114	203	97	3,361	308	13,083
Transfers between funds, net (note 12)	(1,000)	(1,061)	(94)	0	(19)	(2,174)
Change in Fund Balances	8,114	(858)	3	3,361	289	10,909
Fund Balances at beginning of year	46,616	3,790	104	(15,273)	1,771	37,008
Fund Balances at end of year	\$54,730	\$2,932	\$107	(\$11,912)	\$2,060	\$47,917

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds \$10,909

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities include a pension expense, which does not effect the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(115)

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

\$10,794

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

(1.) ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Maine State Housing Authority (MaineHousing) is a public corporation and an instrumentality of the State of Maine established under the provisions of the *Maine Housing Authorities Act*, Title 30-A, Chapter 201, of the Maine Revised Statutes, as amended. MaineHousing is authorized to issue bonds for the purchase or origination of notes and mortgages on single-family and multi-family residential properties for the purpose of providing housing for persons and families of low income in the State of Maine. MaineHousing also administers various housing and energy related state and federal programs and collects and disburses federal rent subsidies for low-income housing.

For financial reporting purposes, MaineHousing is considered a component unit of the State of Maine and the financial condition and results of operations of MaineHousing are included in the State's financial statements.

(2.) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

MaineHousing's financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements and are comprised of three components: 1) agency-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

The financial statements include all the organization's activities and functions for which MaineHousing is financially accountable. Determination of financial accountability includes among other factors, appointment of a voting majority of the component's governing body and (1) ability to impose its will over the component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, MaineHousing. Based on the preceding criteria, the accompanying financial statements do not include the financial activities of any entity other than MaineHousing.

The Agency-wide financial statements are comprised of a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements reflect all of the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, gains and losses of business-type and governmental activities. Interfund balances entirely within the proprietary funds and governmental funds are eliminated from the Statement of Net Position; remaining amounts are shown as Internal Balances.

The business-type activities, which include single-family and multi-family loan programs, are classified as proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and revenues are recorded when earned and expenses when incurred. The governmental activities reflect the administration of the various programs for the State of Maine and the federal government. Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual basis and revenues are recorded when they become available and measurable and expenses when incurred. Revenues from grants and programs are generally considered "available" if eligibility and time restrictions have been satisfied and if received within three months of the balance sheet date. Grants received in advance of the period in which they can be used are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for proprietary and governmental funds. The fund financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental entities, which provides that accounting systems be organized by funds to account for specific activities consistent with legal and operating requirements. Major individual governmental funds and all proprietary funds and fund groups are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Certain insignificant indirect costs are allocated to the funds.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Fund Structure

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Financial activities operated similarly to private business enterprises and financed through fees and charges assessed primarily to users of loans and other lender services are presented as proprietary funds. MaineHousing's proprietary funds are as follows, all of which are considered major funds:

Mortgage Purchase Fund

This fund consists of accounts established by the General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution. Pursuant to the Mortgage Purchase Program, MaineHousing is authorized to purchase or originate first lien mortgages on single-family and multi-family residential properties. Proceeds from the sale of mortgage revenue bonds, the debt service requirements of the bond indebtedness, and mortgage loans made from bond proceeds are recorded in this fund.

Bondholder Reserve Fund

This fund consists of accounts established by the General Authority Bondholder Reserve Fund Resolution and is pledged to replenish any deficiency in the debt service reserve fund of the General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution.

General Administrative Fund

This fund consists of account balances that are not directly pledged to or restricted by a particular bond resolution or program and generates fee and interest income. Revenues not specifically pledged for the repayment of bonds or notes are recorded in this fund.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Activities financed by grant and program agreements with the federal government and appropriations from the State of Maine Legislature are presented as governmental funds. None of the governmental funds are legally required to adopt a formal budget. MaineHousing's governmental funds are as follows, all of which are considered major funds except the Other Federal and State Programs Fund:

Home Fund

The Maine State Legislature authorized the creation of the Housing Opportunities for Maine (HOME) Program to promote and create affordable housing. The program is funded by a portion of the Real Estate Transfer Tax levied by the State of Maine and by appropriations. These funds may be used in conjunction with MaineHousing's other housing resources. Activities associated with the Shelter Operating Subsidy Program, which is funded by the State of Maine and provides funding for emergency shelters that serve Maine's homeless citizens, are also recorded in this fund.

Section 8 Housing Programs

This fund group consists of activity related to MaineHousing's administration of various Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Section 8 programs. These are federal programs that provide rental subsidies to landlords to preserve low-income rental units and also provide funding to tenants to assist with rent payments. The program funding levels are established by the federal government annually. MaineHousing receives annual fees from HUD for the administration of these programs. These programs consist of the following:

Moderate Rehabilitation
New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation
Section 811 Project Rental Assistance
Housing Choice Voucher
Performance Based Contract Administration
Family Self-Sufficiency Program

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program

MaineHousing is the designated administrator of the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program for the State of Maine. This program is federally funded through the Department of Health and Human Services. Under this program, funds are provided to low income homeowners and renters to assist with the payment of heating costs. The funding level is established annually by the federal government and MaineHousing receives annual fees for the administration of the program.

Maine Energy, Housing and Economic Recovery Fund

The purpose of the Maine Energy, Housing and Economic Recovery Fund (MEHER) is to create capital funding sources to provide affordable housing and to improve energy efficiency of residential housing in the State of Maine. The fund consists of accounts established by the MEHER General Indenture. The revenue anticipation bonds issued under the MEHER General Indenture are liabilities of the fund and the debt service for these bonds is paid by a source of revenue from the State of Maine.

The deficit in this fund is due to timing differences between the expending of funds from bond proceeds on program activities and the receipt of revenues from the State of Maine, which is based on debt service schedules. The deficit will be eliminated over time as capital funds available for programs are depleted and annual revenues received from the State of Maine exceed expenditures.

Other Federal and State Programs

MaineHousing administers various other federal and state housing and energy related programs and grants. This fund group records the activity and reflects the consolidation of these programs and grants. Program administration is governed by the appropriate federal regulations or state laws. The annual program and grant funding levels are set by the appropriate federal or state government. MaineHousing receives annual fees for the program administration for most of the federal programs and grants. Federal and state programs consist of the following, which are considered non-major funds:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Emergency Solutions Grants Program
HOME Investment Partnerships Program
National Housing Trust Fund
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Program
Homeless Management Information System
Housing Counseling Assistance Program
Continuum of Care - Planning Grant
Continuum of Care - Rental Assistance Program
Continuum of Care - Coordinated Entry Grant

U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program - Training Centers and Programs

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Weatherization / Central Heating Improvement Program Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (via State of Maine)

State of Maine

Home Modification Program
Arsenic Remediation Program
Natural Disaster Housing Assistance Fund
Consumer Residential Opportunities Program
Indian Housing Mortgage Insurance Program
Lead Abatement Program
Senior Housing General Obligation Bonds
Rapid Re-Housing Funds

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Private

Low Income Assistance Plan Verified Emission Reduction Program

Net Position

In the agency-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is displayed in three components as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that have proceeds disbursed for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – This consists of activities that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For business-type activities, the net position is restricted by bond resolutions for the acquisition of loans, payment of debt service and payment of operating costs. For governmental activities, the net position is restricted by state statutes or federal regulations and program agreements for specific program purposes.

Unrestricted – This consists of activities that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Balances

In the governmental funds financial statements, fund balances are reported as either restricted for housing and energy related programs, nonspendable in current form due to the long term nature of certain assets, or unassigned for any residual deficit fund balances. Generally, if unrestricted fund balances are available they are used after assigned or restricted amounts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and held by banks in demand deposits and savings accounts.

Investments

Money market funds, repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Investments not reported at amortized cost are reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses due to fluctuations in market values and gains and losses realized upon sale are reported as net increases or decreases in the fair value of investments. Interest received that is required by federal programs to be spent on program activities is deferred and recorded as a payable to the federal government.

Mortgage Notes Receivable

Mortgage notes receivable are carried at their uncollected principal balance less allowances for loan losses. The recording of interest income on problem loans ceases when collectability within a reasonable period of time becomes doubtful. Program income received for revolving loan programs are recorded as unearned income. MaineHousing reclassifies its liability for amounts due under revolving loan programs relating to forgivable loans and loans with no payments due until sale of the collateral or maturity of the loan (usually 30 years from origination) to reduce the associated loan balances. MaineHousing believes this presentation better reflects the underlying economics of the loan.

Allowances For Losses On Loans

MaineHousing has established allowances for losses on mortgages and other notes receivable. The allowances are established through provisions for losses on loans charged to expenses. Losses are charged against the allowances when MaineHousing believes that collection of the loan principal is unlikely.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

The allowances are amounts that MaineHousing believes will be adequate to absorb losses based on evaluations of collectability and prior loss experience. The evaluation takes into consideration such factors as the nature and volume of the portfolio, extent of available mortgage insurance, collateral, delinquencies and current economic conditions that may affect the borrowers' ability to pay.

Assets Held for Sale

Multi-family residential properties acquired for the purpose of preserving affordable rental housing and intended for sale are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. Properties are typically held for short durations. Adjustments to carrying values and gains or losses on the disposition of properties are reflected in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position in the year realized.

Capital Assets

Capital assets consisting of building, land, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and are reported in the agency-wide and proprietary funds financial statements. MaineHousing capitalizes assets with an initial cost of one thousand dollars or more. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to forty years. Land and assets that are being developed are not depreciated.

MaineHousing capitalizes the difference between interest income and interest expense associated with tax-exempt borrowings used for the acquisition and development of capital assets. Interest is capitalized until development is completed and the assets are ready for their intended use. Net interest of \$198 was capitalized for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate owned consists of single-family and multi-family residential properties acquired through foreclosure, or acceptance of a deed in lieu of foreclosure and are carried at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Losses arising from the acquisition of other real estate owned are charged to the allowance for loan losses. Operating expenses, subsequent provisions to reduce the carrying value, and any gain or loss on disposition of the property are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position in the year incurred or realized.

Bond Discount, Premium, Issuance Costs and Deferred Amounts on Refunding

Bond discounts and premiums are reflected as a component of bonds payable and are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method. Gains and losses on debt refundings are amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and reflected as a deferred outflow of resources. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year issued.

Loan Origination Fees and Costs

MaineHousing pays origination costs at the time it purchases single-family mortgage loans. These and other program costs, including closing cost assistance to borrowers, paid in connection with acquiring certain single-family loans, are expensed in the year of origination.

MaineHousing may receive points in connection with the origination of certain mortgage loans, which are essentially yield adjustments on the loans. Points received for single-family loans are reflected as a deferred inflow of resources and amortized as a component of interest income using the effective interest method over the life of the mortgages. When a loan is paid off prior to maturity, all unamortized deferred points are recognized immediately as interest income. MaineHousing may charge a fee at the time that a commitment is made to originate a mortgage on a multi-family loan. These fees are recognized as income in the year the commitment is made.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Revenues, Expenses and Expenditures

Program revenues in the agency-wide Statement of Activities are reported in three categories including (1) charges for services, (2) investment income and (3) grants and contributions. Charges for services include all revenues from mortgage loans and program administration fees. Investment income consists of earnings from non-mortgage investment assets. Grants and contributions include revenues from other governments and organizations that are restricted for use in a particular program. All revenues are recorded as income when earned and the associated expenses are recorded as incurred.

The proprietary funds' primary sources of operating revenues are income from mortgage loans and other permitted investments. Operating expenses in the proprietary funds consist of expenses incurred for originating and servicing loans, bond interest and program administration.

Revenues in the governmental funds are derived from grant and program agreements with the federal government, appropriations from the Maine State Legislature, and other organizations. MaineHousing also receives fee income for program administration. Expenditures in the governmental funds are all current operating expenditures and consist primarily of program disbursements and administration charges.

Derivatives and Hedging Instruments

MaineHousing enters into various interest rate swap agreements in order to manage risks associated with interest on its variable rate bond portfolio. MaineHousing recognizes the fair value of swap agreements as either an asset or liability on its Statement of Net Position with the offsetting gains or losses as either deferred inflows or outflows of resources, if deemed an effective hedge. If swap agreements are not effective hedges, interest expense is increased or decreased by the change in the fair value. MaineHousing measures the effectiveness of its interest rate swap agreements in total whereby all the swaps are used to hedge interest expense on a portion of the total variable rate bonds equal to the notional amount of the swaps. Hedge effectiveness is determined by using the regression analysis and synthetic instrument methods. MaineHousing's swap agreements constitute an effective hedge for the hedged portion of the variable rate bond portfolio at December 31, 2019.

Fair Value Methodology

Generally accepted accounting principles establishes standards for determining fair value measurements for accounting and financial reporting purposes and provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements and also establishes a three-tier hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are observable, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs are directly or indirectly observable, but not on level 1; and
- Level 3 inputs are all inputs that are unobservable.

MaineHousing's assets and liabilities carried at fair value are investments and interest rate swaps.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

MaineHousing is a participating local district (PLD) member of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS) PLD Consolidated Retirement Plan and employees may participate in a defined benefit plan offered by MainePERS. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positon of MainePERS' PLD Consolidated Plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MainePERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments at MainePERS are reported at fair value.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting year. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of the allowance for losses on loans and fair value of interest rate swaps. Actual results could differ from estimates.

New Accounting Standards

The following GASB Statements that have been issued are under evaluation by MaineHousing:

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases;* and GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* are effective for the year ending December 31, 2020. GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* is effective for the year ending December 31, 2021. GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* has requirements that are effective for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2021.

MaineHousing has not adopted these standards and is evaluating the impact they may have on its financial statements.

(3.) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of MaineHousing's bank deposits was \$37,413 and the bank balance was \$38,378. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is a result of transactions in transit. Of the bank balance, \$396 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$37,982 was collateralized by pledged government securities that are held in the bank's name at the Federal Reserve Bank.

The General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution permits MaineHousing to invest in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States of America, certain government-sponsored enterprises and the State of Maine "permitted investments". The resolution also permits MaineHousing to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and other similar banking arrangements that are collateralized by permitted investments.

MaineHousing has a formal Investment Policy that outlines its investment practices and policies. The primary purpose of the policy is to ensure safety of principal while managing liquidity to pay MaineHousing's financial obligations. MaineHousing's deposit policy is to have its deposits covered by insurance, collateralized or deposited in well capitalized institutions.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

MaineHousing's investment balances and stated maturities as of December 31, 2019 are presented in the following table. Actual maturities may differ due to investments being called by the issuer.

		Investment Maturities in Years					
Investment Type	Carrying Amount	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10	Moody's Credit Rating	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS							
MORTGAGE PURCHASE FUND							
Repurchase Agreements	\$92,202	\$92,202	\$0	\$0	\$0	NR	
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	21,227	0	0	12,143	9,084	Aaa	
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)	29,992	29,992	0	0	0	P-1	
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	133,582	98,919	0	27,703	6,960	P-1/Aaa	
Total - Mortgage Purchase Fund	277,003	221,113	0	39,846	16,044		
BONDHOLDERS RESERVE FUND							
Repurchase Agreements	8,080	8,080	0	0	0	NR	
GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE FUND							
Repurchase Agreements	17,417	17,417	0	0	0	NR	
Money Market Funds	227	227	0	0	0	NR	
Certificates of Deposit	4,917	4,917	0	0	0	NR	
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	5,015	0	5,015	0	0	Aaa	
Total - General Administrative Fund	27,576	22,561	5,015	0	0		
Total - Proprietary Funds	\$312,659	\$251,754	\$5,015	\$39,846	\$16,044		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS HOME FUND							
Repurchase Agreements	\$24,784	\$24,784	\$0	\$0	\$0	NR	
MAINE ENERGY, HOUSING & ECONOMIC RECOVERY FUND Repurchase Agreements	5,269	5,269	0	0	0	NR	
OTHER FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS Repurchase Agreements	2,078	2,078	0	0	0	NR	
Total - Governmental Funds	\$32,131	\$32,131	\$0	\$0	\$0		

MaineHousing generally invests in repurchase agreements and money market funds for short-term investments, which are not credit rated and are continuously and fully secured by permitted investments. It is MaineHousing's policy to require that collateral be held by MaineHousing's trustee in MaineHousing's name, wherever practicable.

A market approach is used to determine fair value using Level 2 inputs for investments carried at fair value. Prices and other relevant information are generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable investments.

At December 31, 2019, \$278,968 was invested in short-term repurchase agreements, money market funds, and government sponsored enterprises with maturity dates of less than one year and interest rates up to 1.60%. Investments other than repurchase agreements and money market funds are registered in MaineHousing's name. Investments issued by Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), and Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) make up 8%, 11%, and 48% of total investments, respectively, in the Mortgage Purchase Fund. Investments issued by FFCB make up 18% of total investments in the General Administrative Fund.

At December 31, 2019, \$4,917 of loan proceeds and earned interest from a loan agreement is invested in two non-negotiable certificates of deposit. The certificates have interest rates of 1.43% and 1.48% and will mature in January and March 2020. The certificates are not credit rated and are being held by its bank trustee in MaineHousing's name.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

(4.) MORTGAGE AND OTHER NOTES RECEIVABLE:

For financial statement presentation, the allowance for losses on loans has been netted against the noncurrent portion of mortgage notes receivable and other notes receivable. However, where there is no noncurrent portion for other notes receivable, the allowance is netted against the current amount. A summary of mortgage notes receivable at December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number of Notes	Principal Balance	Percent of Portfolio
PROPRIETARY FUNDS	Notes	Balarice	1 Of trollo
MORTGAGE PURCHASE FUND - SINGLE-FAMILY:			
VA guaranteed	490	\$47,517	4.9%
FHA insured	1,840	168,867	17.5%
USDA/RD guaranteed	5,335	553,551	57.4%
Privately insured	347	32,082	3.3%
Non-insured	2,821	163,087	16.9%
Total Mortgage Purchase Fund - single-family	10,833	965,104	100.0%
MORTGAGE PURCHASE FUND - MULTI-FAMILY:			
Section 8	178	170,549	38.3%
Conventional	258	254,368	57.2%
Supportive Housing	167	19,837	4.5%
Total Mortgage Purchase Fund - multi-family	603	444,754	100.0%
Less: Allowance for losses on loans		(7,055)	
Total Mortgage Purchase Fund	<u>11,436</u>	1,402,803	
GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE FUND - SINGLE-FAMILY:			
Non-insured	69	2,009	97.2%
Privately insured	2	58_	2.8%
Total General Administrative Fund-Single Family	71	2,067	100.0%
OFNEDAL ADMINISTRATIVE FUND. MULTI FAMILY			
GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE FUND - MULTI-FAMILY:	1	FFO	11.4%
Section 8 Conventional	1 7	553 4,281	88.6%
Total General Administrative Fund - multi-family	8	4,281	100.0%
·	0	4,034	100.0%
GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE FUND - HOME IMPROVEMENT LOANS:	/ 2	457	100.00/
Non-insured	62	157	100.0%
Less: Allowance for losses on loans Total General Administrative Fund	141	<u>(607)</u> 6,451	
Total General Auministrative Fund			
Total Proprietary Funds	11,577	\$1,409,254	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
HOME FUND - SINGLE-FAMILY:			
Non-insured	324	\$3,354	100.0%
HOME FUND - MULTI-FAMILY:			
Non-insured	100	21,274	100.0%
Total HOME Fund	424	24,628	
Less: Allowance for losses on loans		(894)	
Total HOME Fund	424	23,734	
MAINE ENERGY, HOUSING AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY			
FUND - MULTI-FAMILY			
Non-insured	16	8,933	100.0%
T.1.0	440	\$32,667	
Total Governmental Funds	440	Φ32,007	

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

A summary of other notes receivable at December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number of Notes	Principal Balance	Percent of Portfolio
PROPRIETARY FUNDS GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE FUND			
Non-insured	4	\$239	100.0%
Total Proprietary Funds	4	\$239	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS:			
Non-insured Less: Allowance for losses on loans	1	\$15 (5)_	100.0%
Total Governmental Funds	1	\$10	

A summary of the activity in the allowance for losses on loans is as follows:

	PROPRIE	TARY FUNDS	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
				Other		
	Mortgage	General		Federal and		
	Purchase	Administrative	HOME	State		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Programs		
Balance - December 31, 2018	\$7,318	\$695	\$920	\$5		
Provision	50	11	8	0		
Loans charged off	(442)	(101)	(34)	0		
Recoveries	129	2	0	0		
Balance – December 31, 2019	\$7,055	\$607	\$894	\$5		

(5.) BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

MaineHousing issues bonds that pay interest that is subject to Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT), bonds that pay interest that is not subject to this tax (Non-AMT) and federally taxable bonds. Interest paid on AMT bonds is treated as a preference item in calculating the tax imposed on individuals and corporations under the Internal Revenue Service Code. MaineHousing's AMT, Non-AMT and federally taxable bonds are denoted for each series or sub-series below.

The interest rates presented in the table below for variable rate bonds represent the rate at December 31, 2019. The Single-Family (S/F) and Multi-Family (M/F) Mortgage Bonds Payable outstanding at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Original Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities/ Sinking Fund Installments on Bonds Outstanding	Annual I	ge of Requi Principal Pa on Bonds	
PROPRIETARY FUNDS MORTGAGE PURCHASE FUND 2005 SERIES B BONDS (M/F): 2005 Series B (Federally Taxable)							
Term Bonds 2005 SERIES G BONDS (M/F): 2005 Series G (AMT)	<u>\$15,000</u>	\$3,090	Variable - 2.09%	2020		3090	
Term Bonds 2011 SERIES D BONDS (S/F): 2011 Series D (Non-AMT)	22,300	20,315	Variable - 1.73%	2020-2037	220	-	4,385
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	10,615 7,385 18,000	1,195 0 1,195	3.15% 4.00%	2021		1,195	

	Original Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities/ Sinking Fund Installments on Bonds Outstanding		nge of Requ Principal Pa on Bonds	
2012 SERIES A BONDS (S/F):							
2012 Series A-1 (AMT)	42 / 10	0	2 (00)				
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	42,610 21,885	0 0	2.60% 4.00%				
Term Bonds	22,575	3,355	4.50%	2026-2027	1,210	_	2,145
2012 Series A-3 (Non-AMT)	22,575	3,333	4.3070	2020 2021	1,210		2,140
Serial Bonds	5,000	2,000	2.70% - 2.85%	2021-2022		1,000	
Term Bonds	20,000	6,975	3.85%	2029		6,975	
	112,070	12,330					
2012 SERIES B BONDS (M/F):							
2012 Series B-2 (Non-AMT)	4 705		0 (50) 0 050		0.4.5		050
Serial Bonds	1,735	990	2.65% - 2.95%	2021-2023	315	-	350
Term Bonds	<u>1,220</u> 2,955	990	3.50%				
2013 SERIES B BONDS (S/F):	2,733						
2013 Series B (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	7,540	7,030	2.20% - 2.75%	2021-2024	1,685	-	1,835
Term Bonds	3,890	2,000	3.00%	2026-2027	985	-	1,015
Term Bonds	38,690	38,690	3.45%	2028-2032	7,215	-	8,280
Term Bonds	28,880	28,880	3.60%	2033-2036	2,230	-	9,205
Term Bonds	<u>27,000</u> 106,000	5,410	4.00%	2036-2037	2,370	-	3,040
2013 SERIES C BONDS (S/F-M/F):	106,000	82,010					
2013 Series C (Federally Taxable)							
Serial Bonds	61,900	27,000	2.74% - 3.09%	2021-2023		9,000	
Term Bonds	24,910	17,295	3.84%	2025-2027		5,765	
Term Bonds	8,560	5,700	4.32%	2029-2030	2,840	-	2,860
	95,370	49,995					
2013 SERIES D BONDS (S/F):							
2013 Series D-2 (Non-AMT) Term Bonds	12,990	0	4.00%				
Term Bonds	12,010	5,110	4.50%	2036-2037	2,500	_	2,610
reim Benue	25,000	5,110	110070	2000 2007	2,000		2,0.0
2014 SERIES A BONDS (S/F):							
2014 Series A-1 (AMT)							
Serial Bonds	5,595	0	2.40% - 2.85%				
Term Bonds	4,445	0	4.45%	2020 2042	115		005
Term Bonds	<u>11,545</u> 21,585	3,350 3,350	3.25%	2038-2042	115	-	895
2014 SERIES C BONDS (S/F):	21,565	3,330					
2014 Series C-1 (AMT)							
Serial Bonds	14,860	10,585	2.55% - 3.10%	2021-2024	1,370	-	3,105
Term Bonds	2,000	0	3.63%				
Term Bonds	7,620	5,415	4.00%	2032-2034	1,800	-	1,810
Term Bonds	17,465	6,615	3.50%	2034-2041	365	-	1,625
2014 Series C-2 (Non-AMT) Term Bonds	29,000	29,000	3.75%	2030-2034	3,485		8,065
Term bonds	70,945	51,615	3.7370	2030-2034	3,403	-	0,003
2015 SERIES A BONDS (M/F)	70,710	01/010					
2015 Series A-1 (AMT)							
Serial Bonds	13,485	8,740	2.50% - 3.05%	2021-2025	1,650	-	1,855
2015 Series A-2 (Non-AMT)							
Term Bonds	6,555	6,205	3.25%	2026-2029	525	-	2,675
2015 Series A-3 (Non-AMT)	0.050	0	1 200/				
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	8,050 11,220	0 11,220	1.20% 3.50%	2030-2034	2,085		2,410
Term Bonds	13,505	13,505	3.63%	2035-2034	2,505		2,410
Term Bonds	16,225	16,225	3.75%	2040-2044	2,995	-	3,500
-	69,040	55,895	.		,		-,-==
2015 SERIES B BONDS (S/F)							
2015 Series B (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	9,750	6,660	1.55% - 2.60%	2020-2025	1,055	-	1,175
Term Bonds	10,750	10,750	3.20%	2026-2030	2,015	-	2,285
Term Bonds Term Bonds	1,610 <u>9,890</u>	1,610 4,125	3.45% 3.50%	2031-2034 2035-2040	380 595	-	425 755
Term bonus	32,000	23,145	3.30 /0	2033-2040	373	-	755
	02,000	20/110					

	Original Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities/ Sinking Fund Installments on Bonds Outstanding		ge of Requ Principal Pa on Bonds	
2015 SERIES C BONDS (M/F)							
2015 Series C (Federally Taxable)	0.400		0.400/ 0.040/	0004 0005	4.0/0		4 440
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	9,480 18,000	6,650 18,000	2.40% - 3.04% 3.59%	2021-2025 2026-2030	1,260 3,190	-	1,410 4,100
Term Bonds	12,520	12,520	3.95%	2036-2040	2,315	-	2,700
	40,000	37,170	0.7070	2000 2010	2,0.0		2,,00
2015 SERIES D BONDS (S/F) 2015 Series D (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	7,105	6,325	2.00% - 3.30%	2020-2026	810	-	1,000
Term Bonds	3,340	1,130	3.75%	2030		1,130	
Term Bonds	4,890	4,890	4.00%	2031-2035	660	-	1,300
Term Bonds	7,585	7,585	4.25%	2036-2040	1,165	-	1,880
Term Bonds	7,080 30,000	3,335 23,265	4.00%	2041-2045	505	-	845
2015 SERIES E BONDS (S/F) 2015 Series E-1 (AMT)							
Serial Bonds	30,115	17,065	2.60% - 3.60%	2021-2026	2,570	-	4,155
Term Bonds Term Bonds	26,690	11 440	4.00%	2021 2024	1 420		4.025
2015 Series E-2 (Non-AMT)	26,325	11,640	3.50%	2031-2034	1,420	-	4,025
Term Bonds	2,105	2,105	3.80%	2031-2033	650	_	755
Term Bonds	8,360	8,360	4.05%	2039-2040	4,085	-	4,275
Term Bonds	14,535	11,625	4.15%	2041-2045	2,515	-	3,285
2015 Series E-3 (AMT)							
Term Bonds	30,000	30,000	Variable - 1.70%	2035-2038	5,455	-	8,975
2015 CEDIEC E DONDC (M/E)	138,130	80,795					
2015 SERIES F BONDS (M/F) 2015 Series F-1 (AMT)							
Serial Bonds	8,800	4,400	2.00% - 2.20%	2020-2021		2,200	
2015 Series F-2 (Non-AMT)	3,000	.,	2.0070 2.2070	2020 202.		2,200	
Serial Bonds	2,450	2,450	2.05% - 2.85%	2022-2026	450	-	500
2015 Series F-3 (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	15,005	0	1.10%				4 705
Term Bonds	6,340	6,270	3.40%	2027-2030	1,115	-	1,785
Term Bonds Term Bonds	9,565 11,840	9,565 11,840	3.85% 3.95%	2031-2035 2036-2040	1,310 1,635	-	2,195 2,720
Term bonds	54,000	34,525	3.7370	2030-2040	1,033	-	2,720
2015 SERIES G BONDS (S/F) 2015 Series G (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	8,185	8,185	2.00% - 3.00%	2021-2027	630	-	2,095
Term Bonds	1,730	1,730	3.35%	2028-2030 2031-2035	535 325	-	615 525
Term Bonds Term Bonds	2,125 12,060	2,125 12,060	3.65% 3.85%	2036-2040	325 2,295	-	2,535
Term Bonds	5,900	3,200	3.50%	2041-2045	515	_	705
	30,000	27,300					
2016 SERIES A BONDS (S/F) 2016 Series A (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	6,065 6,520	5,395 4 F20	1.30% - 2.45%	2020-2026 2027-2030	690 1 5 4 5	-	855 1 720
Term Bonds Term Bonds	6,520 4,630	6,520 4,630	2.90% 3.30%	2027-2030 2031-2035	1,545 865	-	1,720 990
Term Bonds	10,900	10,900	3.55%	2036-2040	1,960	-	2,355
Term Bonds	6,885	4,030	4.00%	2041-2045	775	_	845
	35,000	31,475					
2016 SERIES B BONDS (S/F) 2016 Series B-1 (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	19,260	16,825	1.35% - 2.55%	2020-2027	1,830	-	2,410
Term Bonds	3,885	3,885	2.70%	2028-2029	1,675	-	2,210
Term Bonds 2016 Series B-2 (AMT)	18,855	9,955	3.50%	2040-2046	615	-	1,645
Term Bonds	28,000	28,000	Variable - 1.73%	2029-2037	2,720	_	3,420
. 5 25	70,000	58,665	1.1070	202, 200,	_,,		5,120

	Original Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities/ Sinking Fund Installments on Bonds Outstanding		nge of Requ Principal Pa on Bonds	
2016 SERIES C BONDS (S/F)							
2016 Series C (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	13,620	13,620	1.10% - 2.50%	2020-2028	890	-	3,475
Term Bonds	5,670	5,670	2.75%	2029-2031	1,185	-	2,285
Term Bonds	8,975	8,975	3.00%	2032-2036	1,305	-	2,510
Term Bonds	3,355	3,355	3.15%	2037-2041	625	-	720
Term Bonds	8,380 40,000	5,450 37,070	3.50%	2042-2046	1,020	-	1,170
2016 SERIES D BONDS (M/F)	40,000	37,070					
2016 Series D (Federally Taxable)							
Serial Bonds	32,000	32,000	2.24% - 2.99%	2023-2029	825	_	8,185
Term Bonds	8,000	8,000	3.29%	2030-2031	020	4,000	0,100
	40,000	40,000				.,	
2016 SERIES E BONDS (S/F)							
2016 Series E (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	6,250	5,650	1.70% - 3.15%	2020-2027	620	-	800
Term Bonds	3,050	800	3.63%	2031		800	
Term Bonds	10,385	10,385	3.90%	2032-2036	1,940	-	2,230
Term Bonds	8,315	6,460	4.00%	2037-2046	555	-	745
2017 SERIES A BONDS (S/F)	28,000	23,295					
2017 SERIES A BONDS (S/F) 2017 Series A (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	5,920	5,920	1.55% - 3.15%	2020-2028	555	_	765
Term Bonds	3,360	3,360	3.65%	2029-2032	790	-	895
Term Bonds	6,315	6,315	4.00%	2033-2037	1,170	-	1,360
Term Bonds	7,625	7,625	4.05%	2038-2042	1,405	-	1,645
Term Bonds	6,780	5,565	4.00%	2043-2047	915	-	1,695
0047 CEDIEC D DONDC (C/E)	30,000	28,785					
2017 SERIES B BONDS (S/F)							
2017 Series B (Non-AMT) Serial Bonds	8,680	8,680	1.25% - 3.00%	2020-2030	650		1,010
Term Bonds	4,215	4,215	3.25%	2031-2032	2,090	-	2,125
Term Bonds	6,170	6,170	3.65%	2033-2037	1,150	_	1,325
Term Bonds	8,745	8,745	3.75%	2038-2044	1,115	-	1,355
Term Bonds	7,190	6,220	4.00%	2045-2047	2,045	-	2,115
	35,000	34,030					
2017 SERIES D BONDS (M/F)							
2017 Series D-1 (Non-AMT)	10 175	10.175	1 200/ 2 050/	2020 2020	1 000		4 475
Serial Bonds	13,175	10,175	1.38% - 2.95%	2020-2029	1,000	-	1,175
Term Bonds Term Bonds	14,320 5,870	14,320 5,870	3.50% 3.65%	2033-2037 2038-2042	2,250 1,090	-	3,980 1,265
Term Bonds	7,810	7,810	3.75%	2043-2047	1,445	-	1,680
2017 Series D-2 (AMT)	7,010	7,010	3.7370	2043 2047	1,445		1,000
Term Bonds	50,000	50,000	Variable - 1.83%	2042-2046		10,000	
	91,175	88,175					
2017 SERIES E BONDS (S/F)							
2017 Series E (Federally Taxable)							
Term Bonds	60,000	60,000	Variable - 1.65%	2042-2052	5,000	-	10,000
	60,000	60,000					
2017 SERIES F BONDS (S/F)							
2017 Series F (Non-AMT)	40.400	40.000	4.050/ 0.000/	0000 0000	000		4 / 75
Serial Bonds	13,180	12,320	1.25% - 3.00%	2020-2030	890	-	1,675
Term Bonds Term Bonds	2,055 5,920	2,055 5,920	3.15% 3.50%	2031-2032 2033-2037	1,005 1,090	-	1,050 1,280
Term Bonds	7,000	7,000	3.65%	2033-2037	1,320	-	1,490
Term Bonds	11,845	10,500	3.50%	2043-2047	1,635	-	3,570
Tomi bonds	40,000	37,795	5.5070	2075-2047	1,000		5,510
2017 SERIES G BONDS (S/F - M/F)	10,000	57,775					
2017 Series G-1 (Federally Taxable)							
Term Bonds	55,000	55,000	Variable - 1.71%	2045-2050	8,290	-	10,090
2017 Series G-2 (Federally Taxable)							
Term Bonds	3,520	3,520	0.00%	2022		3,520	
	58,520	58,520					

	Original Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities/ Sinking Fund Installments on Bonds Outstanding		nge of Requ Principal Pa on Bonds	
2017 SERIES H BONDS (S/F)							
2017 Series H (Non-AMT)	10 200	10 200	2 100/ 2 050/	2022 2020	1 10E		4 E10
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	18,380 5,420	18,380 5,420	2.10% - 3.05% 3.25%	2023-2030 2031-2033	1,105 1,750	-	4,510 1,865
Term Bonds	10,625	10,625	3.55%	2031-2033	2,515	-	2,795
Term Bonds	1,485	1,485	3.70%	2038-2042	275	-	320
Term Bonds	2,590	2,590	3.75%	2043-2047	480	-	555
	38,500	38,500					
2018 SERIES A BONDS (S/F)							
2018 Series A (NON-AMT) Serial Bonds	13,510	13,510	1.95% - 3.25%	2020-2030	1,130	_	1,525
Term Bonds	3,680	3,680	3.50%	2031-2033	1,130	-	1,323
Term Bonds	8,630	8,630	3.75%	2034-2038	1,685	-	1,765
Term Bonds	9,180	9,180	3.90%	2039-2043	1,790	-	1,885
	35,000	35,000					
2018 SERIES B BONDS (S/F)							
2018 Series B (NON-AMT) Serial Bonds	10,565	10,565	2.00% - 3.10%	2020-2028	1,060	_	1,230
Term Bonds	6,005	6,005	3.50%	2029-2033	1,175	-	1,230
Term Bonds	11,270	11,270	3.75%	2034-2038	2,195	-	2,320
Term Bonds	12,160	12,160	3.85%	2039-2043	2,355	-	2,515
	40,000	40,000					
2018 SERIES C BONDS (S/F)							
2018 Series C (Non-AMT) Serial Bonds	14,200	13,660	1.85% - 3.25%	2020-2030	485		1,955
Term Bonds	4,080	4,080	3.55%	2031-2033	1,345	-	1,375
Term Bonds	7,195	7,195	3.85%	2034-2038	1,395	_	1,485
Term Bonds	9,595	9,595	3.95%	2039-2043	1,750	-	2,415
Term Bonds	9,930	9,440	4.00%	2044-2048	325	-	4,305
	45,000	43,970					
2018 SERIES D BONDS (S/F - M/F)							
2018 Series D-1 (Federally Taxable) Term Bonds	40,000	40,000	Variable - 2.17%	2043-2053	2,965		4,395
2018 Series D-2 (Federally Taxable)	40,000	40,000	variable - 2.1776	2043-2053	2,900	-	4,393
Term Bonds	3,150	3,150	0.00%	2023		3,150	
	43,150	43,150					
2018 SERIES E BONDS (M/F)							
2018 Series E (NON-AMT)	44.000	0.400	0.400/ 0.550/	0004 0000		4.050	
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	11,000 9,000	8,100 6,100	2.40% - 2.55% 4.15%	2021-2022 2036-2038	2,795	4,050 -	3,305
Term Bonds	9,500	5,370	4.15%	2039-2041	1.730	-	1,865
Tomi Bonds	29,500	19,570	1.2070	2007 2011	1,700		1,000
2018 SERIES F BONDS (S/F)							
2018 Series F (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	7,710	6,865	2.35% - 3.70%	2021-2030	380	-	1,235
Term Bonds	3,745	3,745	3.85%	2031-2033	875	-	1,455
Term Bonds Term Bonds	6,450 6,225	5,295 6,225	4.13% 4.20%	2034-2038 2039-2041	1,010 1,980	-	2,120 2,170
Term Bonds	10,300	10,180	4.25%	2044-2048	400	-	4,600
	34,430	32,310					.,
2019 SERIES A BONDS (S/F)							
2019 Series A (Non-AMT)	40 (70	40 (70	4 7504 0 0504				
Serial Bonds	12,670	12,670	1.75% - 3.05%	2020-2030	300	-	3,330
Term Bonds Term Bonds	4,305 2,605	4,305 2,605	3.45% 3.80%	2031-2034 2035-2039	1,005 475	-	1,150 570
Term Bonds	10,880	10,880	4.00%	2040-2044	1,980	-	2,385
Term Bonds	9,005	9,005	4.00%	2046-2049	1,320	-	3,415
	39,465	39,465			•		•
2019 SERIES B BONDS (S/F)	_	_					
2019 Series B (Non-AMT)	10.075	40.075	1 / 00/ 0 000 /	2020 2020			0.045
Serial Bonds	18,075	18,075	1.60% - 2.80%	2020-2032	695 720	-	2,245
Term Bonds Term Bonds	1,470 10,615	1,470 10,615	2.95% 3.15%	2033-2034 2035-2039	720 1,745	-	750 2,730
Term Bonds	9,840	9,840	3.35%	2040-2044	1,745	-	2,730
-	40,000	40,000	· -		,		,
	- <u></u>						

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

	Original Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate(s)	Maturities/ Sinking Fund Installments on Bonds Outstanding		ge of Requ Principal P on Bonds	ayments
2019 SERIES C BONDS (S/F) 2019 Series C (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	8,415	8,415	1.25% - 2.45%	2020-2031	100	_	1,055
Term Bonds	6,350	6,350	2.75%	2032-2034	2,040	-	2,195
Term Bonds	5,250	5,250	3.00%	2035-2039	100	-	2,275
Term Bonds	10,270	10,270	3.20%	2040-2045	1,315	-	1,920
Term Bonds	8,825	8,825	4.00%	2047-2050	1,595	-	2,500
	39,110	39,110					
2019 SERIES D BONDS (M/F) 2019 Series D (Federally Taxable)							
Term Bonds	4,220	4,220	0.00%	2024		4,220	
	4,220	4,220					
2019 SERIES E BONDS (S/F)							
2019 Series E (Non-AMT)	15 540	15 540	1 250/ 2 250/	2020 2021	250		2 420
Serial Bonds Term Bonds	15,540 5,895	15,540 5,895	1.35% - 2.35% 2.70%	2020-2031 2032-2034	350 1,935	-	3,430 1,995
Term Bonds	6,610	6,610	3.10%	2040-2044	1,933	-	1,415
Term Bonds	6,400	6,400	3.75%	2040-2044	570	-	2,980
Term bonds	34,445	34,445	3.7370	2047-2049	370	-	2,700
	54,445	34,445					
		1,419,645					
Plus: Net Unamortized Bond Premium		4,049					
Total Mortgage Purchase Fund	1,832,910	1,423,694					
Total Proprietary Funds	<u>\$1,832,910</u>	\$1,423,694					
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAINE ENERGY, HOUSING & ECONOM 2010 Series 1 (Non-AMT)							
Serial Bonds	\$39,970	\$25,970	3.00% - 5.00%	2020-2026	355	-	3,800
2010 Series 2 (Taxable)							
Serial Bonds	9,630	0	3.03%				
		25,970					
Plus: Net Unamortized Bond Premium		136					
Tatal Maine France Hausing C. D.							
Total Maine Energy, Housing & Recove		0/ 10/					
Fund Group	49,600	26,106					
Total Governmental Funds	\$49,600	<u>\$26,106</u>					
rotar Governmentar runus	Ψ47,000	φ20,100					

The following table summarizes the debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2019:

<u>Fund</u>	Outstanding at December 31, 2018	Issues	Redemptions	Outstanding at December 31, 2019
Mortgage Purchase Fund	\$1,401,715	\$157,240	(\$139,310)	\$1,419,645
Maine Energy, Housing &				
Economic Recovery Fund	29,215	0	(3,245)	25,970
Total	\$1,430,930	\$157,240	(\$142,555)	\$1,445,615

Interest on bonds is payable semi-annually for the Mortgage Purchase Fund and the Maine Energy, Housing & Economic Recovery Fund. Scheduled principal payments on bonds are due November 15 for the Mortgage Purchase Fund and June 15 for the Maine Energy, Housing & Economic Recovery Fund.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

The interest calculations shown in the table below are based on the variable rate in effect at December 31, 2019 and may not be indicative of actual interest expense that will be incurred. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. The following table provides a summary of MaineHousing's bond debt service requirements and net interest rate swap payments through 2024 and in five-year increments thereafter to maturity:

Mortgage Purchase Fund							, Housing &
	Economic Red	covery Fund					
	Fixed and Unswa	l Variable apped	Variable Swapped		Swaps	Fixe	ed
Year(s)	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Net Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$17,285	\$39,048	\$3,310	\$3,238	\$1,261	\$3,340	\$921
2021	44,575	38,710	230	3,211	1,230	3,450	810
2022	45,060	37,695	255	3,207	1,222	3,565	696
2023	47,065	36,676	285	3,203	1,045	3,680	579
2024	45,730	35,587	295	3,201	861	3,800	424
2025-2029	233,450	159,441	4,485	15,911	3,801	8,135	339
2030-2034	242,620	121,182	20,635	14,984	2,543	0	0
2035-2039	210,325	79,480	51,910	11,334	573	0	0
2040-2044	188,805	41,653	30,000	8,793	0	0	0
2045-2049	119,250	14,627	64,910	3,784	0	0	0
2050-2054	39,075	1,773	10,090	173	0	0	0
Total	\$1,233,240	\$605,872	\$186,405	\$71,039	\$12,536	\$25,970	\$3,769

MaineHousing's bonds are a special obligation of MaineHousing and do not constitute a debt or liability of the State of Maine. The bonds are secured in accordance with bond resolutions. Security for bonds in the Mortgage Purchase Fund includes the mortgage loans made or purchased under the resolution and all monies and investments in the fund and accounts pledged under the resolution. Bonds in the Mortgage Purchase Fund may be redeemed in excess of the annual maturities in accordance with the terms of the resolution. Bonds in the Maine Energy, Housing & Economic Recovery Fund are secured by a portion of the Real Estate Transfer Tax revenues collected by the State of Maine and the bonds may not be redeemed in excess of the annual maturities until June 15, 2020.

Notes Payable

Notes payable outstanding at December 31, 2019 are recorded in the General Administrative Fund and are as follows:

A \$4,200 note payable to the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) at a fixed rate of 0%, maturing December 28, 2021. The note is collateralized with a \$5,015 Federal Farm Credit Bank debt security that is being held in trust in MaineHousing's name.

The proceeds from this note are to be used exclusively in accordance with FHLB's *Helping to House New England* program, which is designed to support affordable housing initiatives through the six New England Housing Finance Agencies.

A \$16,000 note payable to TD Bank, N.A., which matures on November 1, 2033. Interest only payments were required through December 31, 2019 at an interest rate of 2.74%. From January 1, 2020 until maturity, the interest rate is fixed at 3.20% and principal and interest payments are due monthly based on a 20-year amortization.

The proceeds from this note are for the acquisition and rehabilitation of an office building for MaineHousing and the note is secured by a mortgage agreement on the property. Loan proceeds are invested in non-negotiable certificates of deposit held with the lender and will be disbursed for intended use when needed and in accordance with a disbursement schedule set forth in the loan agreement. At December 31, 2019, \$11,200 of loan proceeds have been disbursed.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

The following table provides a summary of note payment requirements through 2024 and in five-year increments thereafter to maturity:

Year(s)	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$529	\$507	\$1,036
2021	4,796	493	5,289
2022	615	474	1,089
2023	635	453	1,088
2024	655	434	1,089
2025-2029	3,619	1,824	5,443
2030-2033	9,351	1,006	10,357
Total	\$20,200	\$5,191	\$25,391

Moral Obligation Debt

The reserve funds of the Mortgage Purchase Fund are secured by a non-binding obligation (moral obligation) from the State of Maine to replenish by appropriation any deficiency in such reserve funds. MaineHousing is authorized to have an aggregate amount not to exceed \$2,150,000 of outstanding bonds secured by this obligation. Of that amount, \$1,419,645 was outstanding at December 31, 2019.

Other Debt

MaineHousing uses its tax-exempt debt issuing authority to provide financial assistance to private sector developers for the acquisition and rehabilitation, or the construction of multi-family housing projects serving low-to-moderate income households. The debt, which is referred to as conduit debt, is collateralized by revenues generated by the properties financed and is repayable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans and any specific third-party credit enhancement associated with the individual financings. MaineHousing has a total of \$28,803 outstanding at December 31, 2019. The debt does not constitute a liability or a pledge of faith and credit of MaineHousing and is not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

(6.) INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS

MaineHousing has thirteen interest rate swap agreements (swaps) with four counterparties as of December 31, 2019. The objective of the agreements is to attain a synthetic fixed interest rate on a portion of its variable rate bonds at a cost expected to be less than rates associated with fixed-rate debt. The swap agreement terms state MaineHousing is to make semi-annual fixed interest rate payments at a specified rate on a notional principal amount and in exchange receive semi-annual payments based upon either the thirty-day or ninety-day London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Municipal Swap Index (SIFMA).

The swaps have an aggregate negative fair value of \$10,860 at December 31, 2019. During 2019, the fair value of the swaps decreased by \$6,241. The fair value was estimated using a zero-coupon method and level 3 inputs. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swaps, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the current yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. These amounts are adjusted for estimated unwinding costs.

The swaps have been determined to constitute an effective hedge of a portion of the variable rate bond portfolio equal to the notional amount of the swaps at December 31, 2019 by using the regression analysis and synthetic instrument methods. The aggregate fair value is classified as a derivative instrument liability and a deferred outflow of resources, which represents the accumulated decrease in fair value. Variable rate bonds outstanding at December 31, 2019 total \$286,405.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

The following table contains the terms, fair values, and credit ratings of the swaps as of December 31, 2019. Specific swaps are assigned to certain debt issuances for arbitrage purposes. The credit ratings were issued by Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Related Debt Issuance	Current Notional Amount	Effective Date of Swap	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received	Fair Value	Swap Termination Date	Counterparty Credit Rating
2005 Series B	\$3,090	11/17/2015	1.41%	100% of 90 day LIBOR	\$10	11/15/2020	Aa2/AA-
2005 Series G	20,315	2/1/2006	3.59%	65% of 30 day LIBOR plus .20%	(5,683)	11/15/2037	Aa2/A+
2015 Series E-3	5,000	11/15/2016	1.15%	70% of 30 day LIBOR	(9)	11/15/2025	Aa2/AA-
2015 Series E-3	5,000	11/15/2019	1.40%	70% of 30 day LIBOR	(86)	11/15/2029	Aa3/A+
2015 Series E-3	20,000	11/15/2015	1.60%	67% of 30 day LIBOR	(456)	11/15/2025	A1/A
2016 Series B-2	8,000	5/15/2017	1.61%	70% of 30 day LIBOR	(114)	11/15/2031 ₁	Aa2/AA-
2016 Series B-2	20,000	11/15/2017	1.66%	70% of 30 day LIBOR	(353)	11/15/2031 1	Aa2/AA-
2017 Series D-2	10,000	11/15/2019	1.87%	75% of 30 day LIBOR plus 0.46%	(118)	11/15/2026	Aa3/A+
2017 Series D-2	12,500	11/15/2018	2.57%	70% of 30 day LIBOR	(949)	11/15/2028	Aa3/A+
2017 Series D-2	12,500	11/15/2018	2.59%	plus 0.45% 70% of 30 day LIBOR plus 0.45%	(1,304)	11/15/2033	Aa3/A+
2017 Series D-2	15,000	1/29/2008	3.71%	100% of SIFMA plus	(1,311)	5/15/2023	Aa2/A+
2017 Series G-1	25,000	11/15/2019	1.90%	.06% 100% of 30 day LIBOR	(384)	11/15/2026	A1/A
2017 Series G-1	30,000	12/31/2014	2.05%	100% of 90 day LIBOR	(103)	11/15/2020	A1/A
Totals	\$186,405			-	(\$10,860)		

¹ MaineHousing has the option of termination, with no Termination Payment on November 15, 2026 and on each May 15 and November 15 thereafter.

Credit Risk – The swaps contain varying collateral agreements with the counterparties in order to mitigate the potential for credit risk. The requirements of the collateral agreements are met as of December 31, 2019. MaineHousing is not exposed to credit risk for the swaps that have negative fair values. MaineHousing is exposed to credit risk on swaps that have a positive fair value. At December 31, 2019, there is one swap that has a positive fair value of \$10. This amount represents MaineHousing's credit exposure to the related counterparties and the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counterparty failed to perform as contracted. Fair value is only a factor upon termination.

Basis Risk – The floating rate payments provided by the counterparties are based upon either the SIFMA index or the LIBOR index. MaineHousing's floating rate bonds will have rates adjusted weekly. The LIBOR rate will be adjusted on a monthly basis, except for 2005 Series B and 2017 Series G-1, which are adjusted on a quarterly basis. MaineHousing's bonds are expected to track with the SIFMA Index, which differs from the LIBOR index. If the floating rate tax exempt bonds, which should correspond to the SIFMA index, trade at a value significantly different than their historical relationship to LIBOR, the net cost to MaineHousing could increase or decrease. As of December 31, 2019, the thirty day LIBOR rate and the ninety day LIBOR rate were 1.76% and 1.91%, respectively and the SIFMA rate was 1.61%.

Termination Risk – In addition to the optional terminations embedded in some of MaineHousing's swap agreements, agreements may be terminated in whole or in part prior to the respective maturities of the bonds under certain circumstances (including certain events of default with respect to MaineHousing or the swap providers). Following certain terminations of the swap agreements, either MaineHousing or the swap providers, as applicable, may owe a termination payment equal to the fair value of the swap to the other, depending upon market conditions and the events that caused such swap agreements to terminate. Under certain circumstances, this termination payment could be substantial. Such termination payment by MaineHousing would be payable on a basis subordinate to the payments on the bonds.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Rollover Risk – MaineHousing is exposed to rollover risk on swaps that mature or may be terminated prior to the maturity of the associated debt.

(7.) RETIREMENT BENEFITS

MaineHousing has defined contribution and defined benefit pension plans that cover substantially all employees. Employees have the option to participate in either plan.

Defined Contribution Plan

The defined contribution plan consists of a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and a separate plan created under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a).

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the defined contribution plan are established by management. For each participant in the plan, MaineHousing contributes 2.9% of annual salary to the 401(a) plan. Additionally, if a participant makes voluntary contributions to the 457 plan, MaineHousing matches the contributions up to 7.6% of annual salary. The employer match contribution is made to the 401(a) plan.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, employee contributions totaled \$635 and MaineHousing recognized expense of \$456. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, MaineHousing contributions, and the earnings on those contributions.

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description: MaineHousing is a participating local district (PLD) member of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System's (MainePERS) PLD Consolidated Retirement Plan and employees may elect to participate in this multiple-employer cost sharing defined benefit plan. An advisory group established by Maine statute reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend them.

Benefits Provided: Retirement benefits are based on participants' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit. The normal retirement age is 60 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years (20 years for participants in the plan prior to July 1, 2014) of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a participant is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement.

Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) become available to participants after 24 months of retirement. The post-retirement COLA is capped at 2.5% annually. The plan also provides disability and death benefits, which are established by contract under applicable statutory provisions.

Upon termination, accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and rights. The annual rate of interest credited to participants' accounts is set by MainePERS Board of Trustees and is currently 2.69%.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Contributions: Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from participants and employers and by earnings from MainePERS investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. Participant and employer normal cost contributions are each a percentage of applicable participant compensation. Participant contribution rates are defined by the MainePERS Board of Trustees. Employers' contributions are determined by actuarial valuations. As of December 31, 2019, the established MainePERS employer contribution rate is 10.0% and employee contribution rates are 8.10% for participants with a normal retirement age of 60 and 7.35% for participants with a normal retirement age of 65. MaineHousing pays on behalf of its employees 0.50% of the MainePERS employee contribution rate. Total employer contributions were \$477 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method – The Entry Age Normal cost method is used to determine costs. Under this cost method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements, the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each member. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his/her expected future salary. The normal cost for each member is the product of his/her pay and his/her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members. Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method – The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization – The net pension liability is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

Actuarial Assumptions: The actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 used the following actuarial assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return – 6.75% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate - 2.75%.

Annual Salary Increases, including Inflation – 2.75% to 9.00%.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 1.91%

Mortality Rates – RP 2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study covering the period June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015 and the economic assumptions are based on this experience study along with advice of the MainePERS investment consultants.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public equities	30.0%	6.0%
US Government	7.5%	2.3%
Private equity	15.0%	7.6%
Real estate	10.0%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10.0%	5.3%
Natural Resources	5.0%	5.0%
Traditional credit	7.5%	3.0%
Alternative credit	5.0%	4.2%
Diversifiers	10.0%	5.9%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Net Pension Liability: At December 31, 2019, MaineHousing has a liability of \$2,282 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. MaineHousing's proportion of the net pension liability was based on MaineHousing's employer contributions received by MainePERS during the measurement period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating entities. MaineHousing's proportion was 0.746717% at December 31, 2019. The proportion was 0.834117% at December 31, 2018.

Sensitivity of MaineHousing's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following represents MaineHousing's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what MaineHousing's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
<u>@ 5.75%</u>	<u>@ 6.75%</u>	<u>@ 7.75%</u>
\$5,199	\$2,282	(\$446)

Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 with the following exceptions:

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience – The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors was recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. For the 2019 valuation this was four years and for the 2018 valuation this was three years.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings – Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions – Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members. The actuarial assumptions for the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions – Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown either as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: For the year ended December 31, 2019, MaineHousing recognized pension expense of \$311 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$270	\$0
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	225	0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	0	572
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0	295
Changes of assumptions	115_	0
Total	\$610	\$867

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from MaineHousing's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability for the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense through December 31, 2023 as follows:

Year ended	Pension Expense
December 31:	Amount
2020	(\$65)
2021	(\$312)
2022	(\$105)
2023	\$0

Payables to the Pension Plan: At December 31, 2019, MaineHousing's total payable to MainePERS for unremitted contributions is \$24.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MainePERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.mainepers.org.

(8.) AVAILABLE BONDS PROCEEDS

MORTGAGE PURCHASE FUND

The following bond proceed amounts are invested in the various bond proceed sub-accounts of the Bond Proceeds Fund of the Mortgage Purchase Fund and are available for the purchase of mortgages:

2017 Series H (S/F)	\$1,745
2018 Series D-2 (M/F)	2,247
2018 Series E (M/F)	15,007
2019 Series A (S/F)	8,428
2019 Series C (S/F)	2,970
2019 Series D (M/F)	4,246
2019 Series E (S/F)	32,590
	\$67,233

MAINE ENERGY, HOUSING AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY FUND

The following bond proceed amounts are invested in accordance with the Maine Energy, Housing and Recovery General Indenture and are available for program activities:

2010 Series 1	\$575
2010 Series 2	737
	\$1,312

(9.) COMMITMENTS

MORTGAGE COMMITMENTS

Mortgage commitments are agreements to loan money provided there is no violation of any term or condition established in the agreement. Generally, once exercised, the loans made under the terms of such commitments are secured by a lien on the related property and other collateral as MaineHousing deems necessary. At December 31, 2019, MaineHousing had outstanding commitments in several funds to originate multi-family mortgage loans of approximately \$104,063. MaineHousing, under its single-family program, enters into purchase agreements with lenders to purchase mortgage loans. At December 31, 2019, single-family loans being processed by lenders for MaineHousing totaled approximately \$42,031.

LEASE COMMITMENT

MaineHousing has committed to a lease agreement for approximately 39,000 square feet of office space that expires on June 30, 2020. Annual rent under this lease agreement increases at a rate of 3% per year and expense amounted to \$780 for the year ended December 31, 2019. MaineHousing has acquired property in Augusta, Maine for development and to relocate its office at or near the expiration of the current lease. The total development for the new office building is estimated at approximately \$15,700.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

(10.) RESERVE FUNDS

MORTGAGE PURCHASE FUND - HOUSING RESERVE FUND

On or before December 1 of each year, MaineHousing is required to value the Housing Reserve Fund and verify to the Governor of the State of Maine that the sum of money in the fund equals or exceeds the Housing Reserve Fund Minimum Requirement. The Housing Reserve Fund Minimum Requirement equals the amount of principal and interest maturing and coming due in the next succeeding calendar year on bonds outstanding. The Housing Reserve Fund Minimum Requirement as of December 31, 2019 was \$88,244. When issuing bonds MaineHousing must also meet the Housing Reserve Fund Maximum Requirement. The Housing Reserve Fund Maximum Requirement equals the maximum debt service required in any subsequent calendar year. The Housing Reserve Fund Maximum Requirement as of December 31, 2019 was \$116,219.

In calculating the Housing Reserve Minimum and the Housing Reserve Maximum requirements, MaineHousing assumes a 12% rate for variable rate bonds, which is the maximum interest rate under the terms of the bonds. Swap payments and receipts are not included in the calculation. At December 31, 2019, valuation of the investments in the Housing Reserve Fund, computed at the lower of par or cost in accordance with the General Mortgage Purchase Program Bond Resolution, was \$134,228.

MAINE ENERGY, HOUSING & ECONOMIC RECOVERY FUND - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

MaineHousing is required to maintain a Capital Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Capital Reserve Fund Requirement established under the General Indenture. The Capital Reserve Fund Requirement equals the greatest amount of principal and interest maturing and becoming due in the current or any succeeding bond year. The Capital Reserve Requirement as of December 31, 2019 was \$4,320. This requirement may be satisfied by the deposit of money or by the deposit of a Credit Facility or an insurance policy for the benefit of the bondholders.

Between July 1 and July 15 of each year, MaineHousing must certify to the Treasurer of the State the amount necessary and sufficient to meet MaineHousing's debt service obligation, including amounts necessary to replenish the Capital Reserve Fund to the Capital Reserve Requirement. At December 31, 2019, valuation of the Capital Reserve Fund insurance policy in the Capital Reserve Fund was \$4,320.

(11.) EXCESS ARBITRAGE TO BE REBATED

Tax-exempt bonds issued by MaineHousing are subject to Internal Revenue Service regulations that limit the amount of income that can be earned with non-mortgage investments to an amount not greater than the amount that would have been earned had the funds been invested at the yield on the bonds. Excess earnings must be rebated every five years. At December 31, 2019, there are no arbitrage liabilities to be rebated.

Prior rebate payments made by MaineHousing that are eligible for refund from the United States Treasury, based on estimated arbitrage rebate calculations, are recorded as a receivable in other assets. MaineHousing has receivables in the amount of \$184 in the Mortgage Purchase Fund at December 31, 2019.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

(12.) FUND TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND BALANCES

MaineHousing records transfers between funds for various purposes including program subsidies, fees and capital asset transfers. Transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Mortgage Purchase Fund	General Administrative Fund	Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program	HOME Fund	Section 8 Housing Programs	Other Federal And State Programs
Capital Assets	\$0	\$117	(\$94)	\$0	\$0	(\$23)
Program Subsidies	1,000	(4)	0	(1,000)	0	4
Program Administrative Fees	0	1,061	0	0	(1,061)	0
	\$1,000	\$1,174	(\$94)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,061)	(\$19)

MaineHousing reports interfund balances among its funds. These balances generally consist of amounts for various revenues or expenses due to a fund, but received or paid to another and funds for loan closings. These amounts are generally paid or received within the subsequent year.

Interfund accounts receivable (payable) balances at December 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Mortgage Purchase Fund	Bondholder Reserve Fund	General Administrative Fund	HOME Fund	Section 8 Housing Programs	Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program	Maine Energy, Housing & Economic Recovery Program	Other Federal and State Programs
Receivable due from:								
Mortgage Purchase Fund	\$0	\$0	\$2,732	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Adminstrative Fund	0	0	0	1,463	0	0	0	1,893
Other Federal And State Programs	198	0	1,035	0	27	0	0	0
Collectively, all other funds	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0
	198	0	3,782	1,463	27	0	0	1,893
Payables	(2,732)	(13)	(3,356)	(27)	(505)	(728)	(2)	0
	(\$2,534)	(\$13)	\$426	\$1,436	(\$478)	(\$728)	(\$2)	\$1,893

The receivable amounts of the General Administrative Fund consist primarily of operating expenses owed from the Mortgage Purchase Fund, Section 8 Housing Programs, and Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program. The General Administrative Fund payable amounts consist mainly of program funds received and due to the HOME Fund and Other Federal and State Programs.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

(13.) REDEMPTION OF BONDS

For the year ended December 31, 2019, MaineHousing redeemed prior to maturity \$107,215 of its Mortgage Purchase Fund bonds from recoveries of principal and surplus revenues. Gains of \$228 were attributed to the recognition of related bond premium. The following is a summary of bonds redeemed:

				Redemption
	Interest Rate	Original Maturity	Amount	Price
2011 Series C-2 Term Bonds	4.88%	11/15/2041	\$2,000	100%
2011 Series D Serial Bonds	2.75%	11/15/2019	1,535	100%
2011 Series D Serial Bonds	3.00%	11/15/2020	1,155	100%
2011 Series D Serial Bonds	3.30%	11/15/2022	1,895	100%
2011 Series E Term Bonds	4.38%	11/15/2031	705	100%
2012 Series A-1 Term Bonds	4.50%	11/15/2028	990	100%
2012 Series A-1 Term Bonds	4.50%	11/15/2028	1,035	100%
2012 Series A-2 Term Bonds	3.60%	11/15/2026	9,450	100%
2012 Series A-3 Serial Bonds	2.45%	11/15/2020	1,000	100%
2012 Series A-3 Term Bonds	3.85%	11/15/2029	190	100%
2012 Series A-3 Term Bonds	3.85%	11/15/2029	5,900	100%
2012 Series B-2 Serial Bonds	2.45%	11/15/2020	300	100%
2012 Series B-2 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2027	870	100%
2012 Series B-3 Term Bonds	3.88%	11/15/2031	1,500	100%
2012 Series B-3 Term Bonds	3.88%	11/15/2031	1,500	100%
2013 Series A Serial Bonds	2.37%	11/15/2020	1,140	100%
2013 Series B Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2043	1,385	100%
2013 Series B Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2043	1,435	100%
2013 Series C Serial Bonds	2.39%	11/15/2020	9,000	100%
2013 Series D-1 Serial Bonds	2.63%	11/15/2019	365	100%
2013 Series D-1 Serial Bonds	2.63%	11/15/2019	1,265	100%
2013 Series E Serial Bonds	2.75%	11/15/2019	1,685	100%
2014 Series A-1 Serial Bonds	2.85%	11/15/2020	960	100%
2014 Series A-1 Term Bonds	3.25%	11/15/2043	630	100%
2014 Series A-1 Term Bonds	3.25%	11/15/2043	685	100%
2014 Series A-2 Serial Bonds	3.13%	11/15/2022	3,045	100%
2014 Series C-1 Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2034	2,205	100%
2014 Series C-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2044	960	100%
2014 Series C-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2044	995	100%
2015 Series A-1 Serial Bonds	2.20%	11/15/2020	1,610	100%
2015 Series A-2 Term Bonds	3.25%	11/15/2029	75	100%
2015 Series B Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2040	705	100%
2015 Series B Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2040	735	100%
2015 Series B Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2040	770	100%
2015 Series C Serial Bonds	2.14%	11/15/2020	1,230	100%
2015 Series D Term Bonds	3.75%	11/15/2030	2,210	100%
2015 Series D Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2045	200	100%
2015 Series D Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2045	350	100%
2015 Series D Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2045	830	100%
2015 Series E-1 Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2030	9,575	100%
2015 Series E-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2035	910	100%
2015 Series E-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2035	1,585	100%

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

				Redemption
	Interest Rate	Original Maturity	Amount	Price
2015 Series E-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2035	1,650	100%
2015 Series E-2 Term Bonds	4.15%	11/15/2045	2,910	100%
2015 Series G Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2045	200	100%
2015 Series G Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2045	265	100%
2015 Series G Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2045	685	100%
2016 Series A Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2045	365	100%
2016 Series A Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2045	565	100%
2016 Series A Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2045	580	100%
2016 Series B-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2046	1,575	100%
2016 Series B-1 Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2046	1,580	100%
2016 Series C Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2046	300	100%
2016 Series C Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2046	595	100%
2016 Series C Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2046	1,085	100%
2016 Series E Term Bonds	3.63%	11/15/2031	2,250	100%
2016 Series E Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2046	300	100%
2016 Series E Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2046	870	100%
2017 Series A Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2047	830	100%
2017 Series B Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2047	310	100%
2017 Series B Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2047	430	100%
2017 Series F Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2047	100	100%
2017 Series F Term Bonds	3.50%	11/15/2047	980	100%
2018 Series C Term Bonds	4.00%	11/15/2048	490	100%
2018 Series E Serial Bonds	2.20%	11/15/2020	2,900	100%
2018 Series E Term Bonds	4.15%	11/15/2038	2,900	100%
2018 Series E Term Bonds	4.25%	11/15/2043	4,130	100%
2018 Series F Serial Bonds	2.15%	11/15/2020	530	100%
2018 Series F Term Bonds	4.13%	11/15/2038	1,155	100%
2018 Series F Term Bonds	4.25%	11/15/2048	120	100%
			\$107,215	
			+ , =	

(14.) CONTINGENCIES

MaineHousing is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the normal course of its business. MaineHousing also receives funding from federal government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only and are subject to financial and compliance audits and the resolution of identified questioned costs. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of these actions will not materially affect the accompanying financial statements.

(15.) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, MaineHousing issued bonds. The following is a summary of subsequent event transactions.

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

On January 22, 2020, MaineHousing issued, at par, \$34,350 of bonds in the General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution as follows:

	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount	Issued Price
2020 Series A Serial Bonds	1.15%-2.40%	2021-2032	\$9,800	100%
2020 Series A Term Bonds	2.60%	2034	1,995	100%
2020 Series A Term Bonds	2.85%	2039	7,195	100%
2020 Series A Term Bonds	3.00%	2044	8,645	100%
2020 Series A Term Bonds	3.75%	2049	6,715	110%
			\$34,350	

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. As a result, economic uncertainties have arisen which could potentially negatively impact MaineHousing. Such potential impact is unknown at this time.

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION - UNAUDITED PRESENTED FOR YEARS INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Schedule of MaineHousing's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years As of Measurement Date of June 30:

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.746717%	0.834117%	0.906494%	0.922203%	1.181151%	1.420739%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,282	\$2,823	\$3,712	\$4,899	\$3,768	\$2,186
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$4,544	\$4,658	\$4,892	\$4,810	\$4,598	\$4,691
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as	s a					
Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	50.2%	60.6%	75.9%	101.9%	81.9%	46.6%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the total						
Pension Liability	91.1%	91.1%	86.4%	81.6%	88.3%	94.1%

Schedule of MaineHousing's Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years As of Measurement Date of June 30:

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$477	\$490	\$513	\$505	\$483	\$492
Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	\$477	\$490	\$513	\$505	\$483	\$492
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	\$4,544	\$4,658	\$4,892	\$4,810	\$4,598	\$4,691
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%	10.5%

The above schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Retroactive information is not required to be presented. Information will be presented each year until 10 years of such information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions:

There were no changes of assumptions for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Maine State Housing Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maine State Housing Authority (MaineHousing), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MaineHousing's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered MaineHousing's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MaineHousing's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MaineHousing's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Commissioners Maine State Housing Authority

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MaineHousing's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of MaineHousing's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Portland, Maine March 25, 2020

Baker Newman : Nayer LLC